

Successful Business Plan



Ahram Canadian University

December 2011



Objectives

By the end o this session, you will be able to:

- Determine the importance of preparing a business plan
- Recognize the main structure of setting a reliable and realistic business plan
- Develop a complete business plan for your business idea.



Business Plan

What?

- Roadmap
- Self-checking tool
- Funding tool
- Operating guide

Why?

- 1,000,001 questions
- Infinite number of possibilities
- Distractions galore

How Long?

6-9 pages for the narrative, plus financials/ appendices





General Rules

- Make it an interesting read!
 - Bullet points
 - Balance creativity while still getting your point across
 - Use short (1-3 sentence) paragraphs
 - Be careful with using industry jargon
- Write with objectivity
 - Consider using the third-person
- Focus more on initial future (1-2 years), less on later years



Outline of a Business Plan

- 1. Business Description
- 2. Market Analysis
 - 1. Customers
 - 2. Competition
 - Marketing Strategy
- 3. Management
- 4. Operations/Technical Analysis
- 5. Financial Plan



1- Business Description

- Mission statement
- Legalities: business type
- Basic product or service description
- New, takeover, expansion, franchise
- General strategy plan
 - List of planned milestones (business formation, opening date, hiring employees, reaching certain revenue goals)
- Planned strategic alliances
- Work already done
- Experience in the business



2- Market Analysis

- Industry analysis
- Customers: individual, business
- Competition
- Marketing Strategy
- Expected Demand.





Market Analysis: Customers

- Customer definition, consistency
- Individual customer demographics
 - Location, age, gender, occupation
 - Ethnic group, lifestyle, education, income
- Business customer demographics
 - Sector, location, structure
 - Sales level, distribution classification, number of employees



Market Analysis: Competition

- Rule of Three for Competitive Study
 - Why your company is superior
 - Trends in competitive companies
 - Similar and dissimilar
 - SWOT (strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, threats)
 - Lessons learned
 - Advertising
 - Eye on the future



Estimating the Size of the Market

- Previous data will help to reach the size of the potential buyers of the project, or what is called the size of demand for the product or service. For example, assume that the project offers the service for children from the age of 10-16 years, and after analyzing the population of the region found that the number of this age group in the region are 5,000 people, and analyzed the level of income found that 15% of them are able to pay the price, and that the rate of increase in births per year is 2%.
- This information can be analyzed to reach the size of the target market for the product that I will produce, as well as future trends in this market.



Market Analysis: Marketing Strategy

- Obtaining a profitable share of the entire marketplace
 - Product: sellable aspects, brand image
 - Pricing: cost-plus or economic value
 - Placement / Places
 - Promotion





3- Management

- Roles and responsibilities.
- Job descriptions of the decision makers
- "I do everything!"
- Compensation, benefits
- Contribution and background as leverage to perform





4- Operations/Technical Analysis

- 1 Site.
- 2 land and buildings.
- 3 The optimal size of the project.
- 4 Layout of the production process.
- 5 Machinery and equipment.
- 6 Energy production .
- 7 Methods of production.
- 8 Raw materials and operating requirements.
- 9 Technology and Quality.





5- Financial Plan

- THE PRIMARY EVALUATING TOOL
 - Support all information
 - Make conservative projections
- Start-up Budget: amount needed to open
- Operating Budget: ongoing expenses once open
- Sources and Uses Sheet





Methods of Financing

- Personal funds
- Family/ friend loans and gifts
- Angel investor
- Venture capital
- Grants
- Personal loan
- Business loan





Financial Plan: Startup Budget

- Personnel (costs prior to opening)
- Occupancy (lease, rent, or mortgage)
- Legal/ Professional Fees
- Equipment
- Supplies
- Salary/ Wages
- Utilities
- Payroll Expenses
- Internet
- Licenses/ Permits
- Insurance



Financial Plan: Operating Budget

- Personnel
- Lease/ Rent/ Mortgage
- Loan Payments
- Legal Fees
- Accounting
- Supplies
- Salaries/ Wages
- Repairs/ Maintenance

- Insurance
- Advertising/ Promotions
- Depreciation
- Payroll Expenses
- Internet
- Travel/ Entertainment
- Miscellaneous
- 3-6 Months of Operating Capital



Financial Plan: Sources and Uses

- Sources of funds
- Details of requested financing
 - Amount
 - Use
 - Terms



Cash Flow Sheet

Month	1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	2 Tot
Cash In-Flows														
Sales														
Other Income			_											
		!			,									
Total In-Flows			\perp											
Cash Out-Flows														
Cost of Goods Sold														
Rent/ Mortgage														
Owner's Salary														
Other Salaries														
Advertising/ Promotion														
Utilities														
Loan Payments (current)														
Loan Payments (previous)														
Telephone														
Office Expense														
Dues/ Subscriptions														
Accounting														
Insurance														
Professional Fees														
Internet														
Repairs/ Maintenance														
Licenses/ Permits														
Travel/ Entertainment														
Legal Fees														
Bank Charges														
Miscellaneous														
<u>-</u>		•		-	,	•			•			•		
Total Out-Flows														
		•			-	-		•	•	•	•	•		
Beginding Carly Bally ANK OF EGY	PΤ		T											
		_							-	_	-			
Egyptian Banking Instit	ate		\neg	-				1	1	1				

Year One

CASH FLOW PROJECTION

Income Statement

Pro-Forma Income Statement

Sales Less: Cost of Goods Sold Gross Profit Operating Expenses Rent/ Mortgage Owner's Salary Other Salaries Payroll Taxes Advertising & Promotion	3
Cross Profit Operating Expenses Rent/ Mortgage Owner's Salary Other Salaries Payroll Taxes Advertising & Promotion	
Operating Expenses Rent/ Mortgage Owner's Salary Other Salaries Payroll Taxes Advertising & Promotion	
Rent/ Mortgage Owner's Salary Other Salaries Payroll Taxes Advertising & Promotion	
Telephone Office Expense Dues and Subscriptions Accounting Insurance Professional Fees Internet Repairs & Maintenance Licenses & Permits Travel & Entertainment Legal Fees Bank Charges Miscellaneous Depreciation Amortization Interest NK OF EGYPT.	
Total Operating Expenses nking Institute	

Summary

By the end o this session, you became able to:

- Determine the importance of preparing a business plan
- Recognize the main structure of setting a reliable and realistic business plan
- Develop a complete business plan for your business idea.



THANK YOU

